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DATE MAILED: 08/10/2006

APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/835,086	04/13/2001		Songxiang Wei	16440.4013	2983	
34313	7590	08/10/2006		EXAMINER		
ORRICK, I	HERRIN	GTON & SUTCLII	ISMAIL, SHAWKI SAIF			
IP PROSEC	UTION D	EPARTMENT				
4 PARK PL	AZA			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
SUITE 1600)			2155		
IRVINE, CA	A 92614	-2558				

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	09/835,086	WEI, SONGXIANG					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Shawki S. Ismail	2155					
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPONDING IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING IS Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUN. 136(a). In no event, however, may divill apply and will expire SIX (6) Mote, cause the application to become	IICATION. a reply be timely filed DNTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28.	July 2006.						
·— ·	is action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	ance except for formal ma	atters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C	.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 25-37 is/are pending in the applicati	on.	•					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr	awn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>25-37</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	/or alastian requirement						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examir		·					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ ac							
Applicant may not request that any objection to th			,				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	Examiner. Note the attach	ed Office Action of form P10-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
a) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents.	nts have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority document3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the properties application from the International Bure		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list		ot received.					
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		v Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date					
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date		f Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)	8				

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RESPONSE TO AMENDMENT

1. This action is responsive to the Request for Continued Examination (RCE) amendment received on July 28, 2006.

Claims 25, 31, and 37 have been amended.

Claims 1-24 were cancelled and are withdrawn from prosecutions.

Claims 25-37 are pending.

The Old rejection maintained

2. The rejection is respectfully maintained as set forth in the last Office Action mailed on March 28, 2006. Applicants' arguments with respect to claims 25-37 have been fully considered but they are not deemed persuasive and the old rejection is therefore maintained.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 25-37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Boss et al.**, U.S. Patent No. **5,758,110** and in view of **Applicant Admitted Prior Art** (AAPA).

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5. As to claim 25, Boss teaches a method performed on a computer for sharing application using screen sampling, the method comprising:

receiving from a presenter a selection of a shared application (col. 2, lines 31-38, presenter designates an application to be shared with a viewer);

monitoring and intercepting function calls made by the shared application to a graphical display subsystem to dynamically determine a position and a size of a window displayed in a presenter screen for the shared application (col. 5, lines 24-39, monitoring and intercepts function calls to determine position and size of shared application window);

monitoring an application interface to dynamically determine a position and a size of an application region of the window displayed in the presenter screen for the shared application (col. 5, lines 24-39, monitoring function calls to determine position and size of shared application window);

monitoring function calls made by a non-shared application to dynamically determine a position and a size of a window displayed in the presenter screen for the non-shared application (col. 5, lines 24-39, monitoring function calls to determine position and size of shared application window);

comparing the position and the size of the window for the shared application against the position and the size of the window for the non-shared application to determine any overlapping regions in the presenter screen (see Fig. 8, col. 7, line 54 – col. 8, line 29);

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capturing a screen shot of an image corresponding to the window for the shared application (see Fig. 8, col. 7, line 54 – col. 8, line 29); and

transmitting the screen shot and information for the position and size of the overlapping regions to generate a viewer screen (see Fig. 8, col. 7, line 54 – col. 8, line 29).

Boss teaches sharing graphic application but does not specifically teach DirectDraw API based application.

AAPA teach DirectDraw API based applications (DirectDraw is a well-known application program interface (API) that is used by applications to draw graphics on a presenter's computer screen, page 22 lines 24 – page 23 line 5).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Boss with the teachings of AAPA in order to facilitate shared applications having the DirectDraw APIs at the presenter's client computer.

6. As to claim 26, Boss teaches the method of Claim 25 as discussed above. Boss further wherein teaches wherein the overlapping region is hatched over so that the viewer is restricted from seeing it's contents.

Boss does not explicitly indicated wherein the transmitted overlapping region is filled with an arbitrary color

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to fill the overlapping region with an arbitrary color in order to make

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it pleasant to look at or to be able to quickly and easily distinguish it from the shared region.

- 7. As to claim 27, Boss teaches the method of Claim 25 further comprising: compressing the screen shot of the image corresponding to the window for the shared application (see Fig. 12, col. 9, lines 34-59).
- 8. As to claim 28, Boss teaches the method of Claim 25 further comprising: capturing a screen shot of an updated image corresponding to the window for the shared application (col. 6, lines 23-34, col. 6, lines 42-56);

transmitting the screen shot of the updated image corresponding to the window for the shared application to update the viewer screen (col. 6, lines 23-34, col. 6, lines 42-56).

- As to claim 29, Boss teaches the method of Claim 25 further comprising:
 periodically capturing the image corresponding to the shared application window
 (col. 2, lines 57-67, col. 5, lines 29-39).
- 10. As to claim 30, Boss teaches the method of Claim 25 further comprising:

 determining whether the position or the size of either the window for the shared application or the window for the non-shared application has changed (see Fig. 8, 9 col. 7, line 54 col. 8, line 29); and

transmitting information about the change in the position or the size to update the viewer screen (see Fig. 8, 9 col. 7, line 54 – col. 8, line 29).

11. Claims 31-37 do not teach or define any new limitations above claims 25-30 and therefore are rejected for similar reasons.

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Response to Arguments

12. Applicant's arguments have been fully considered but they are not deemed to be persuasive. Applicant argues in substance that:

(A) Argument: Boss does not disclose or teach or suggest "monitoring and intercepting function calls made by the shared application to a Graphics Device Interface".

Response: The shared application on the host computer is monitored by intercepting tasks (display driver calls) and if the task is part of the shared application it is transmitted and displayed to the client system (col. 2, lines 57-67), therefore, Boss meets the scope of the claimed limitation determining a position and a size of a non-DirectDraw region of a window displayed in a presenter screen by monitoring function calls made by the shared application to a Graphics Device Interface.

(B) Argument: Boss and AAPA do not disclose or teach determining the size and position of a non-DirectDraw region and a DirectDraw region of the window for the shared application.

Response: Boss teaches determining a size and position of a graphics application that a host user wants to share with another user at a remote location. Boss teaches determining the size and position of both the graphics application region that the host user wants to share and the non-graphics application region that the host does not want to share (col. 5, lines 24-39). As explained in the previous office action Boss does not explicitly teach wherein the graphics application is either a DirectDraw API based application. However, AAPA teaches DirectDraw API based applications

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(DirectDraw are well-known application program interfaces (API) that is used by applications to draw graphics on a presenter's computer screen, page 22 lines 24 – page 23 line 5). Therefore, Boss in view of AAPA meets the scope of the claimed limitation.

(C) Argument: Boss nor AAPA disclose or teach determining the position and size of the DirectDraw region by monitoring a DirectDraw com interface.

Response: Boss teaches determining a size and position of a graphics application that a host user wants to share with another user at a remote location. Boss teaches monitoring function calls made by the graphical user interface to determine the size and position of the graphics application (col. 5, lines 24-39). As explained in the previous office action Boss does not explicitly teach wherein the graphics application is a DirectDraw API based application. However, AAPA teach DirectDraw API based applications (DirectDraw is a well-known application program interface (API) that is used by applications to draw graphics on a presenter's computer screen, page 22 lines 24 – page 23 line 5). Therefore, Boss in view of AAPA meets the scope of the claimed limitation.

Contact Information

13. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Shawki S Ismail whose telephone number is 571-272-3985. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30 - 5:00.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Saleh Najjar can be reached on 571-272-4006. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Shawki Ismail Patent Examiner August 1, 2006

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER